

Practical Programming

The C Language :

**Common Programming
Concepts**

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Integer Types

Signed Integers

(signed) char	// 8 bits
(signed) short	// 16 bits
(signed) int	// 32 bits
(signed) long	// 64 bits
(signed) long long	// 64 bits

Unsigned Integers

unsigned char	// 8 bits
unsigned short	// 16 bits
unsigned int	// 32 bits
unsigned long	// 64 bits
unsigned long long	// 64 bits

Sizes are given for 64-bit architectures (LP64 data model on Linux).

Floating-Point Types

IEEE 754 Standard

```
float    // 32 bits (single precision)
double   // 64 bits (double precision)
```

Other Types

`size_t // 64 bits`

Similar to Unsigned Integers

Used for size measurement
(e.g. sizes of arrays, array indexes)

`void`

Absence of Type

- Used as function return type when no return value is expected.
- Can be used as function parameter type when no parameters are passed into the function.

Variables

General syntax for declaration, definition and initialization

```
<type> <identifier> = <value>;
```

```
// Declaration only.  
// (Mostly used with global variables and multiple files).  
extern int x;  
  
int main()  
{  
    int a = 3;           // Declaration, definition, initialization.  
    a = 5;               // Reassignment.  
  
    unsigned char b;    // Declaration, definition.  
    b = 5;               // Initialization (first assignment).  
    b = 4;               // Reassignment  
  
    x = 10;              // Initialization (first assignment).  
  
    return 0;  
}  
  
int x;                  // Definition (usually in another file).
```

Examples

Constants

General syntax for declaration, definition and initialization

```
const <type> <identifier> = <value>;
```

Example

```
// Declaration only.  
// (Mostly used with global constants and multiple files).  
extern const int x;  
  
int main()  
{  
    const double a = 4.0;      // Declaration, definition, initialization.  
    const int b = 18;          // Declaration, definition, initialization.  
    const int c = x + b;       // Declaration, definition, initialization.  
  
    return 0;  
}  
  
const int x = 10;           // Definition, initialization (usually in another file).
```

Enumerations

Declaration

```
enum <enum_name>
{
    const_1;
    const_2;
    // ...
    const_N;
}
```

```
enum <enum_name>
{
    const_1 = 0;
    const_2 = 15;
    // ...
    const_N = 3;
}
```

Example

```
int main()
{
    enum color
    {
        red,           // 0
        green,         // 1
        blue,          // 2
    };

    enum color c1 = red;
    enum color c2 = green;
    enum color c3 = blue;

    return 0;
}
```

Functions

```
void f1();           // Declare f1()
short f2(void);    // Declare f2()
void f3(short i, float f); // Declare f3()

int main()          // Declare and define main(): the entry point
{
    short r;
    f1();           // Call f1() ; No parameters ; No return value
    r = f2();        // Call f2() ; No parameters ; Return value -> r
    f3(r, 3.5);    // Call f3() ; Two parameters ; No return value

    return 0;        // Must return an 'int' value.
}

void f1()           // Define f1()
{
}

short f2(void)      // Define f2()
{
    return 5;        // Must return a 'short' value.
}

void f3(short i, float f) // Define f3()
{
    short a = i + 1;
    float b = 3 * f;
    return;
}
```

The *main()* Function

The *main()* function is the entry point of the program.

It should return an ‘int’ value.

- If no error occurred → Should return 0
- If any error occurred → Should return a value different from 0

We can also use labels defined in *<stdlib.h>*:

- EXIT_SUCCESS
- EXIT_FAILURE

```
#include <stdlib.h>

int main()
{
    // Some instructions.
    // No error occurred.

    return EXIT_SUCCESS;
}
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>

int main()
{
    // Some instructions.
    // An error occurred.

    return EXIT_FAILURE;
}
```

Formatting and Printing Data (1)

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    char c = 'A';      // ASCII code of 'A'.
    short h = 100;
    int i = 200;
    long l = 300;
    float f = 400.0;
    double d = 500.0;

    printf("c = %c\n", c);
    printf("c = %hi\n", c);
    printf("c = 0x%hx\n", c);
    printf("h = %hi\n", h);
    printf("i = %i\n", i);
    printf("l = %li\n", l);
    printf("f = %f\n", f);
    printf("d = %f\n", d);
    printf("string = %s\n", "hello");

    return 0;
}
```



```
c = A
c = 65
c = 0x41
h = 100
i = 200
l = 300
f = 400.000000
d = 500.000000
string = hello
```

See [printf\(3\)](#)

Formatting and Printing Data (2)

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    unsigned char c = 'A';      // ASCII code of 'A'.
    unsigned short h = 100;
    unsigned int i = 200;
    unsigned long l = 300;
    size_t z = 400;

    printf("c = %c\n", c);
    printf("c = %hu\n", c);
    printf("c = %x%hx\n", c);
    printf("h = %hu\n", h);
    printf("i = %u\n", i);
    printf("l = %lu\n", l);
    printf("z = %zu\n", z);

    return 0;
}
```



c = A
c = 65
c = 0x41
h = 100
i = 200
l = 300
z = 400

See [printf\(3\)](#)

Conditions and Relational Operators

No Boolean Type!

Conditions use integers

- 0 is equivalent to FALSE
- $\neq 0$ is equivalent to TRUE

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    int a = 5, b = 10, c = 0;

    printf("a == 5 => %i\n", a == 5);
    printf("a != 5 => %i\n", a != 5);
    printf(" a > 5 => %i\n", a > 5);
    printf("a >= b => %i\n", a >= b);
    printf(" a < b => %i\n", a < b);
    printf("a <= b => %i\n", a <= b);
    printf(" !a => %i\n", !a);
    printf(" !c => %i\n", !c);

    return 0;
}
```



a == 5 =>	1
a != 5 =>	0
a > 5 =>	0
a >= b =>	0
a < b =>	1
a <= b =>	1
!a =>	0
!c =>	1

The *if*, *else if* and *else* Statements

```
int a = 10;  
  
if (a > 0)  
    printf("a is positive.\n");  
  
else if (a < 0)  
    printf("a is negative.\n");  
  
else  
    printf("a is null.\n");  
  
if (a)  
{  
    printf("a is not null.\n");  
    printf("The condition is TRUE.\n");  
}  
  
if (!a)  
{  
    printf("a is null.\n");  
    printf("The condition is FALSE.\n");  
}
```

a is positive.
a is not null.
The condition is TRUE.

```
if (condition)  
{  
    // ...  
}  
  
else if (condition)  
{  
    // ...  
}  
  
else  
{  
    // ...  
}
```

The ***else*** and ***else if*** statements are optional.

The *for* Statement

```
for (init; condition; post)
{
    // ...
}
```

```
for (int n = 0; n < 3; n++)
    printf("n = %i\n", n);

short x;

for (x = -3; x < 4; x++)
{
    if (x < 0)
        printf("(%hi) * (%hi) = %hi\n", x, x, x*x);
    else
        printf("%hi * %hi = %hi\n", x, x, x*x);
}
```

```
n = 0
n = 1
n = 2
(-3) * (-3) = 9
(-2) * (-2) = 4
(-1) * (-1) = 1
0 * 0 = 0
1 * 1 = 1
2 * 2 = 4
3 * 3 = 9
```

The *while* Statement

```
while (condition)
{
    // ...
}
```

```
short x = -3;

while (x < 4)
{
    if (x < 0)
        printf("(%hi) * (%hi) = %hi\n", x, x, x*x);
    else
        printf("%hi * %hi = %hi\n", x, x, x*x);

    x++;
}
```

(-3)	*	(-3)	=	9
(-2)	*	(-2)	=	4
(-1)	*	(-1)	=	1
0	*	0	=	0
1	*	1	=	1
2	*	2	=	4
3	*	3	=	9

The *do...while* Statement

```
do
{
    // ...
} while (condition);
```

```
short x = -3;

do
{
    if (x < 0)
        printf("%hi * %hi = %hi\n", x, x, x*x);
    else
        printf("%hi * %hi = %hi\n", x, x, x*x);

    x++;

} while (x < 4);
```

(-3)	*	(-3)	=	9
(-2)	*	(-2)	=	4
(-1)	*	(-1)	=	1
0	*	0	=	0
1	*	1	=	1
2	*	2	=	4
3	*	3	=	9

The *break* and *continue* Statements

The ***break*** and ***continue*** statements can
be used in loop bodies
(e.g. ***for***, ***while***, ***do...while***)

- ***break***: Terminates the loop.
- ***continue***: Goes to the next iteration.

The *switch...case* Statement

```
switch (value)
{
    case const_1:
        // ...
        break;

    case const_2:
        // ...
        break;

    // etc.

    default:
        // ...
}
```

```
int a = 10;

switch (a)
{
    case 0:
        printf("a is null.");
        break;

    case 100:
        printf("a is one hundred.\n");
        break;

    default:
        printf("a is not null.\n");
        printf("a is not one hundred.\n");
}
```

```
a is not null.
a is not one hundred.
```

Type Casting

```
int i = 35;
float f1, f2, f3, f4;

f1 = i;          // Implicit
f2 = (float)i;  // Explicit

printf(" i = %i\n", i);
printf("f1 = %f\n", f1);
printf("f2 = %f\n", f2);
printf("-----\n");

f1 = i / 2;
f2 = (float)(i / 2);
f3 = (float)i / 2;
f4 = i / (float)2;

printf("f1 = %f\n", f1);
printf("f2 = %f\n", f2);
printf("f3 = %f\n", f3);
printf("f4 = %f\n", f4);
printf("-----\n");

f1 = 325.53421;
i = f1;

printf("f1 = %f\n", f1);
printf(" i = %i\n", i);
```



```
i = 35
```

Type Casting

```
int i = 35;
float f1, f2, f3, f4;

f1 = i;          // Implicit
f2 = (float)i;  // Explicit

printf(" i = %i\n", i);
printf("f1 = %f\n", f1);
printf("f2 = %f\n", f2);
printf("-----\n");

f1 = i / 2;
f2 = (float)(i / 2);
f3 = (float)i / 2;
f4 = i / (float)2;

printf("f1 = %f\n", f1);
printf("f2 = %f\n", f2);
printf("f3 = %f\n", f3);
printf("f4 = %f\n", f4);
printf("-----\n");

f1 = 325.53421;
i = f1;

printf("f1 = %f\n", f1);
printf(" i = %i\n", i);
```



```
i = 35
f1 = 35.000000
```

Type Casting

```
int i = 35;
float f1, f2, f3, f4;

f1 = i;          // Implicit
f2 = (float)i;  // Explicit

printf(" i = %i\n", i);
printf("f1 = %f\n", f1);
printf("f2 = %f\n", f2);
printf("-----\n");

f1 = i / 2;
f2 = (float)(i / 2);
f3 = (float)i / 2;
f4 = i / (float)2;

printf("f1 = %f\n", f1);
printf("f2 = %f\n", f2);
printf("f3 = %f\n", f3);
printf("f4 = %f\n", f4);
printf("-----\n");

f1 = 325.53421;
i = f1;

printf("f1 = %f\n", f1);
printf(" i = %i\n", i);
```



```
i = 35
f1 = 35.000000
f2 = 35.000000
-----
```

Type Casting

```
int i = 35;
float f1, f2, f3, f4;

f1 = i;          // Implicit
f2 = (float)i;  // Explicit

printf(" i = %i\n", i);
printf("f1 = %f\n", f1);
printf("f2 = %f\n", f2);
printf("-----\n");

f1 = i / 2;
f2 = (float)(i / 2);
f3 = (float)i / 2;
f4 = i / (float)2;

printf("f1 = %f\n", f1);
printf("f2 = %f\n", f2);
printf("f3 = %f\n", f3);
printf("f4 = %f\n", f4);
printf("-----\n");

f1 = 325.53421;
i = f1;

printf("f1 = %f\n", f1);
printf(" i = %i\n", i);
```



```
i = 35
f1 = 35.000000
f2 = 35.000000
-----
f1 = 17.000000
```

Type Casting

```
int i = 35;
float f1, f2, f3, f4;

f1 = i;          // Implicit
f2 = (float)i;  // Explicit

printf(" i = %i\n", i);
printf("f1 = %f\n", f1);
printf("f2 = %f\n", f2);
printf("-----\n");

f1 = i / 2;
f2 = (float)(i / 2);
f3 = (float)i / 2;
f4 = i / (float)2;

printf("f1 = %f\n", f1);
printf("f2 = %f\n", f2);
printf("f3 = %f\n", f3);
printf("f4 = %f\n", f4);
printf("-----\n");

f1 = 325.53421;
i = f1;

printf("f1 = %f\n", f1);
printf(" i = %i\n", i);
```



```
i = 35
f1 = 35.000000
f2 = 35.000000
-----
f1 = 17.000000
f2 = 17.000000
```

Type Casting

```
int i = 35;
float f1, f2, f3, f4;

f1 = i;          // Implicit
f2 = (float)i;  // Explicit

printf(" i = %i\n", i);
printf("f1 = %f\n", f1);
printf("f2 = %f\n", f2);
printf("-----\n");

f1 = i / 2;
f2 = (float)(i / 2);
f3 = (float)i / 2;
f4 = i / (float)2;

printf("f1 = %f\n", f1);
printf("f2 = %f\n", f2);
printf("f3 = %f\n", f3);
printf("f4 = %f\n", f4);
printf("-----\n");

f1 = 325.53421;
i = f1;

printf("f1 = %f\n", f1);
printf(" i = %i\n", i);
```



```
i = 35
f1 = 35.000000
f2 = 35.000000
-----
f1 = 17.000000
f2 = 17.000000
f3 = 17.500000
```

Type Casting

```
int i = 35;
float f1, f2, f3, f4;

f1 = i;          // Implicit
f2 = (float)i;  // Explicit

printf(" i = %i\n", i);
printf("f1 = %f\n", f1);
printf("f2 = %f\n", f2);
printf("-----\n");

f1 = i / 2;
f2 = (float)(i / 2);
f3 = (float)i / 2;
f4 = i / (float)2;

printf("f1 = %f\n", f1);
printf("f2 = %f\n", f2);
printf("f3 = %f\n", f3);
printf("f4 = %f\n", f4);
printf("-----\n");

f1 = 325.53421;
i = f1;

printf("f1 = %f\n", f1);
printf(" i = %i\n", i);
```



```
i = 35
f1 = 35.000000
f2 = 35.000000
-----
f1 = 17.000000
f2 = 17.000000
f3 = 17.500000
f4 = 17.500000
-----
```

Type Casting

```
int i = 35;
float f1, f2, f3, f4;

f1 = i;          // Implicit
f2 = (float)i;  // Explicit

printf(" i = %i\n", i);
printf("f1 = %f\n", f1);
printf("f2 = %f\n", f2);
printf("-----\n");

f1 = i / 2;
f2 = (float)(i / 2);
f3 = (float)i / 2;
f4 = i / (float)2;

printf("f1 = %f\n", f1);
printf("f2 = %f\n", f2);
printf("f3 = %f\n", f3);
printf("f4 = %f\n", f4);
printf("-----\n");

f1 = 325.53421;
i = f1;

printf("f1 = %f\n", f1);
printf(" i = %i\n", i);
```



```
i = 35
f1 = 35.000000
f2 = 35.000000
-----
f1 = 17.000000
f2 = 17.000000
f3 = 17.500000
f4 = 17.500000
-----
f1 = 325.534210
i = 325
```

Overflow

```
c = i1; uc = i1;  
  
printf(" c = %hi\n", c);  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
c = i2; uc = i2;  
  
printf(" c = %hi\n", c);  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
c = i3; uc = i3;  
  
printf(" c = %hi\n", c);  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
c = 129;  
printf(" c = %hi\n", c);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
uc = 250;  
uc += 10;  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
uc = 0;  
uc--;  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);
```

```
int i1 = 257, i2 = 128, i3 = -1;  
char c;  
unsigned char uc;
```



Overflow

```
c = i1; uc = i1;  
  
printf(" c = %hi\n", c);  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
c = i2; uc = i2;  
  
printf(" c = %hi\n", c);  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
c = i3; uc = i3;  
  
printf(" c = %hi\n", c);  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
c = 129;  
printf(" c = %hi\n", c);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
uc = 250;  
uc += 10;  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
uc = 0;  
uc--;  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);
```

```
int i1 = 257, i2 = 128, i3 = -1;  
char c;  
unsigned char uc;
```

c = 1



Overflow

```
c = i1; uc = i1;  
  
printf(" c = %hi\n", c);  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
c = i2; uc = i2;  
  
printf(" c = %hi\n", c);  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
c = i3; uc = i3;  
  
printf(" c = %hi\n", c);  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
c = 129;  
printf(" c = %hi\n", c);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
uc = 250;  
uc += 10;  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
uc = 0;  
uc--;  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);
```

```
int i1 = 257, i2 = 128, i3 = -1;  
char c;  
unsigned char uc;
```

c = 1
uc = 1



Overflow

```
c = i1; uc = i1;  
  
printf(" c = %hi\n", c);  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
c = i2; uc = i2;  
  
printf(" c = %hi\n", c);  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
c = i3; uc = i3;  
  
printf(" c = %hi\n", c);  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
c = 129;  
printf(" c = %hi\n", c);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
uc = 250;  
uc += 10;  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
uc = 0;  
uc--;  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);
```

```
int i1 = 257, i2 = 128, i3 = -1;  
char c;  
unsigned char uc;
```

c = 1
uc = 1

c = -128



Overflow

```
c = i1; uc = i1;  
  
printf(" c = %hhi\n", c);  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
c = i2; uc = i2;  
  
printf(" c = %hhi\n", c);  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
c = i3; uc = i3;  
  
printf(" c = %hhi\n", c);  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
c = 129;  
printf(" c = %hhi\n", c);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
uc = 250;  
uc += 10;  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
uc = 0;  
uc--;  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);
```

```
int i1 = 257, i2 = 128, i3 = -1;  
char c;  
unsigned char uc;
```



```
c = 1  
uc = 1  
-----  
c = -128  
uc = 128  
-----
```

Overflow

```
c = i1; uc = i1;  
  
printf(" c = %hhi\n", c);  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
c = i2; uc = i2;  
  
printf(" c = %hhi\n", c);  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
c = i3; uc = i3;  
  
printf(" c = %hhi\n", c);  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
c = 129;  
printf(" c = %hhi\n", c);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
uc = 250;  
uc += 10;  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
uc = 0;  
uc--;  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);
```

```
int i1 = 257, i2 = 128, i3 = -1;  
char c;  
unsigned char uc;
```



```
c = 1  
uc = 1  
-----  
c = -128  
uc = 128  
-----  
c = -1
```

Overflow

```
c = i1; uc = i1;  
  
printf(" c = %hhi\n", c);  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
c = i2; uc = i2;  
  
printf(" c = %hhi\n", c);  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
c = i3; uc = i3;  
  
printf(" c = %hhi\n", c);  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
c = 129;  
printf(" c = %hhi\n", c);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
uc = 250;  
uc += 10;  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
uc = 0;  
uc--;  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);
```

```
int i1 = 257, i2 = 128, i3 = -1;  
char c;  
unsigned char uc;
```



C = 1	UC = 1

C = -128	UC = 128

C = -1	UC = 255

Overflow

```
c = i1; uc = i1;  
  
printf(" c = %hhi\n", c);  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
c = i2; uc = i2;  
  
printf(" c = %hhi\n", c);  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
c = i3; uc = i3;  
  
printf(" c = %hhi\n", c);  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
c = 129;  
printf(" c = %hhi\n", c);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
uc = 250;  
uc += 10;  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
uc = 0;  
uc--;  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);
```

```
int i1 = 257, i2 = 128, i3 = -1;  
char c;  
unsigned char uc;
```



c = 1	
uc = 1	

c = -128	
uc = 128	

c = -1	
uc = 255	

c = -127	

Overflow

```
c = i1; uc = i1;  
  
printf(" c = %hhi\n", c);  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
c = i2; uc = i2;  
  
printf(" c = %hhi\n", c);  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
c = i3; uc = i3;  
  
printf(" c = %hhi\n", c);  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
c = 129;  
printf(" c = %hhi\n", c);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
uc = 250;  
uc += 10;  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
uc = 0;  
uc--;  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);
```

```
int i1 = 257, i2 = 128, i3 = -1;  
char c;  
unsigned char uc;
```



c = 1	
uc = 1	

c = -128	
uc = 128	

c = -1	
uc = 255	

c = -127	
uc = 4	

Overflow

```
c = i1; uc = i1;  
  
printf(" c = %hhi\n", c);  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
c = i2; uc = i2;  
  
printf(" c = %hhi\n", c);  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
c = i3; uc = i3;  
  
printf(" c = %hhi\n", c);  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
c = 129;  
printf(" c = %hhi\n", c);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
uc = 250;  
uc += 10;  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);  
printf("-----\n");  
  
uc = 0;  
uc--;  
printf("uc = %hu\n", uc);
```

```
int i1 = 257, i2 = 128, i3 = -1;  
char c;  
unsigned char uc;
```



c = 1	
uc = 1	

c = -128	
uc = 128	

c = -1	
uc = 255	

c = -127	
uc = 4	

uc = 255	

Types Matter

```
int facto_int(int n)
```

```
{  
    int r = 1;  
  
    for (int i = 2; i <= n; i++)  
        r *= i;  
  
    return r;  
}
```

```
unsigned int facto_uint(unsigned int n)
```

```
{  
    unsigned int r = 1;  
  
    for (unsigned int i = 2; i <= n; i++)  
        r *= i;  
  
    return r;  
}
```

```
unsigned long facto_ulong(unsigned long n)
```

```
{  
    unsigned long r = 1;  
  
    for (unsigned long i = 2; i <= n; i++)  
        r *= i;  
  
    return r;  
}
```

```
int main()
```

```
{  
    printf("facto_int(20) = %i\n", facto_int(20));  
    printf("facto_uint(20) = %u\n", facto_uint(20));  
    printf("facto_ulong(20) = %lu\n", facto_ulong(20));  
}
```

```
facto_int(20) = -2102132736  
facto_uint(20) = 2192834560  
facto_ulong(20) = 2432902008176640000
```

Readable ?

```
unsigned long f(unsigned long n)
{
    unsigned long r = 1;
    for (; n > 0; r *= n--);
    return r;
}
```